

HIGHLIGHTS

Important events, developments and successes of the Rural Support Programmes Network, and its member organisations, that stood out during the quarter.

PAGES 3, 10-11

OVERVIEW

Key statistical data of the social mobilisation outreach of the Rural Support Programmes across Pakistan.

PAGE 12

MAP & DATA

Mapping, and detailed statistical information on the social mobilisation outreach of the Rural Support Programmes, including cumulative and district-specific data.

PAGES 4-9

OUTREACH

#24

THE RURAL SUPPORT PROGRAMMES' SOCIAL MOBILISATION NEWSLETTER

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RSPN

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REGIONAL COOPERATION



Members of AKF Afghanistan with the Chairman Mr. Shoaib Sultan Khan and ACEO Mr. Khaleel Ahmed Tetlay of RSPN

The RSPs' work is based on tried and tested principles of social mobilisation that have touched the lives of millions of people in Pakistan and other countries of South and Central Asia. Increasingly, the RSP approach to social mobilisation, which entails the clustering of small community organisations, a reliance on community activists and the fostering of strong links with governments, has expanded across the South and Central Asia Region. Through the aegis of the Aga Khan Foundation, lessons from AKRSP in Gilgit were taken to Tajikistan in the 1990s, to be espoused by the Mountain Societies Development Support Programme (MSDSP). In 1994, under UNDP's South Asia Poverty Alleviation Programmes (SAPAP), the RSP pioneer and now Chairman of RSPN, Shoaib Sultan Khan worked with the UNDP to set up pilots in the South Asia region to replicate the RSP approach. In Afghanistan, the National Solidarity Programme (NSP) was built on the principles espoused by Akhtar Hameed Khan and the AKRSP in northern Pakistan.

While the social mobilisation approach has been replicated on a large scale across these Regions, active collaboration between the Pakistan RSPs and others in the Region is also taking place to strengthen and scale up their programmes. Over the past years, RSPN staff has provided consulting services to UNDP Myanmar and the International Fund for Agricultural Development in Tajikistan to strengthen their social mobilisation. RSPN is also engaged with the Bangladesh based organisation, BRAC, in a research project which aims to capture learning's from scale up efforts across South Asia and do a thorough, real-time documentation of the innovative programmes of the RSPs in Pakistan. Other key forms of collaboration have been through experience sharing visits between staff as well as some village activists, who have visited these regional countries.

The largest scale replication of the RSP approach is in India. This process started in 1994 with the South Asia Poverty Alleviation Programme in the State of Andhra Pradesh (the Society for Elimination of Rural Poverty – SERP) and has been scaled up nationally. Since 2010, SERP's approach has been replicated in India through one of the largest poverty reduction programmes in the world via the National Rural Livelihoods Mission (NRLM).

RSPN and some RSP staff and activists have also visited Tajikistan in 2009 and 2010, and the first visit to the NSP in Afghanistan took place in late 2012, with NSP and Aga Khan Foundation staff and village activists visiting the RSPs in 2013. In January 2014, a ten

member team from Tajikistan comprising local government and MSDSP staff visited Pakistan for ten days to see the RSP approach first hand. The Tajik team visited Local Support Organisations (LSOs) in the Punjab and the Khyber Pakhtunkhwa provinces. Similarly an eleven member team of Aga Khan Foundation Afghanistan visited RSPN and RSPs in March 2015 primarily to learn about the three tier structure of Community Organisation, Village Organisation and Local Support Organisation with the view of possibly adapting the approach in Afghanistan. The team met the senior management of RSPN including the Chairman, Mr. Shoaib Sultan Khan and the management of RSPs at the head office to learn from their experiences and to gain knowledge about the strategic importance of the approach as a sustainable methodology for building people's own institutions. The team also visited LSOs at Haripur and Gujar Khan to see the change being brought by the endeavours of the LSOs. The AKF team enjoyed their exposure visit and found it quite interesting with possible adaptation in Afghanistan.

Likewise in January 2015, his Excellency Mr. Janan Mosazai, Afghanistan Ambassador to Pakistan, and Her Excellency Ms. Nurjehan Mawani, His Highness the Aga Khan's Diplomatic Representative to Afghanistan visited RSPN and NRSP. Mr. Shoaib Sultan Khan, Chairman RSPN, Dr. Rashid Bajawa, CEO NRSP and Mr. Khaleel Tetlay, Acting CEO RSPN gave a briefing about the history and milestones achieved by RSPs in Pakistan. The guests also met with the community representatives of LSO CHIRAH in Islamabad Capital Territory.

In March 2015, Mr. Khaleel Tetlay, Acting Chief Executive Officer RSPN was invited by BRAC to participate in the Frugal Innovation Forum: Scaling Sustainability at Dhaka. Over 150 participants from Bangladesh, India, UK, USA, Myanmar, Kenya, Uganda, and Tanzania took part in the forum. The focus of the two-day forum was learning about social innovations and how these can be scaled up for sustainable impact. In his talk to the forum Mr. Khaleel Tetlay, emphasised that the work and scale up of RSPs in Pakistan is driven by the socio-economic context of the country with a very heavy incidence of poverty and also on the opportunity to support the rural people through the proven social mobilisation approach. In his closing remarks, Professor Hashemi of BRAC University, paid tribute to the late Dr. Akhter Hameed Khan and his innovative work in Comilla and he said 'even today Khan's work informs the rural development approaches not only in Bangladesh but also in other South Asian countries.'

HIGHLIGHTS

PAKISTAN'S SECOND NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON SANITATION ORGANISED BY MINISTRY OF CLIMATE CHANGE



The President of Pakistan, Mr. Mamnoon Hussain addressing the Conference on Sanitation

February 2015 - The Ministry of Climate Change in collaboration with WASH sector partners including RSPN organised Pakistan's second two-day National Conference on Sanitation (PACOSAN-II) from 17th to 18th February 2015 at Islamabad.

The purpose of the conference was to accelerate progress on eliminating open-defecation and increasing access to improved sanitation and hygiene in Pakistan. On the first day of PACOSAN-II the formal opening was made by the Honorable President of Pakistan, Mr. Mamnoon Hussain who in his inaugural address said, "This two-day conference is aimed at reviewing the progress of sanitation and hygiene in Pakistan in view of past experiences for the formulation of roadmap towards 2025 to achieve sanitation targets."

President Mamnoon Hussain also urged all stakeholders, including federal and provincial governments, academia,

national and international organisations, religious and community leaders and media to join hands for universal coverage of sanitation and hygiene in the country. He proposed the WASH sector stakeholders to involve philanthropists in their campaign to improve sanitation situation in the country.

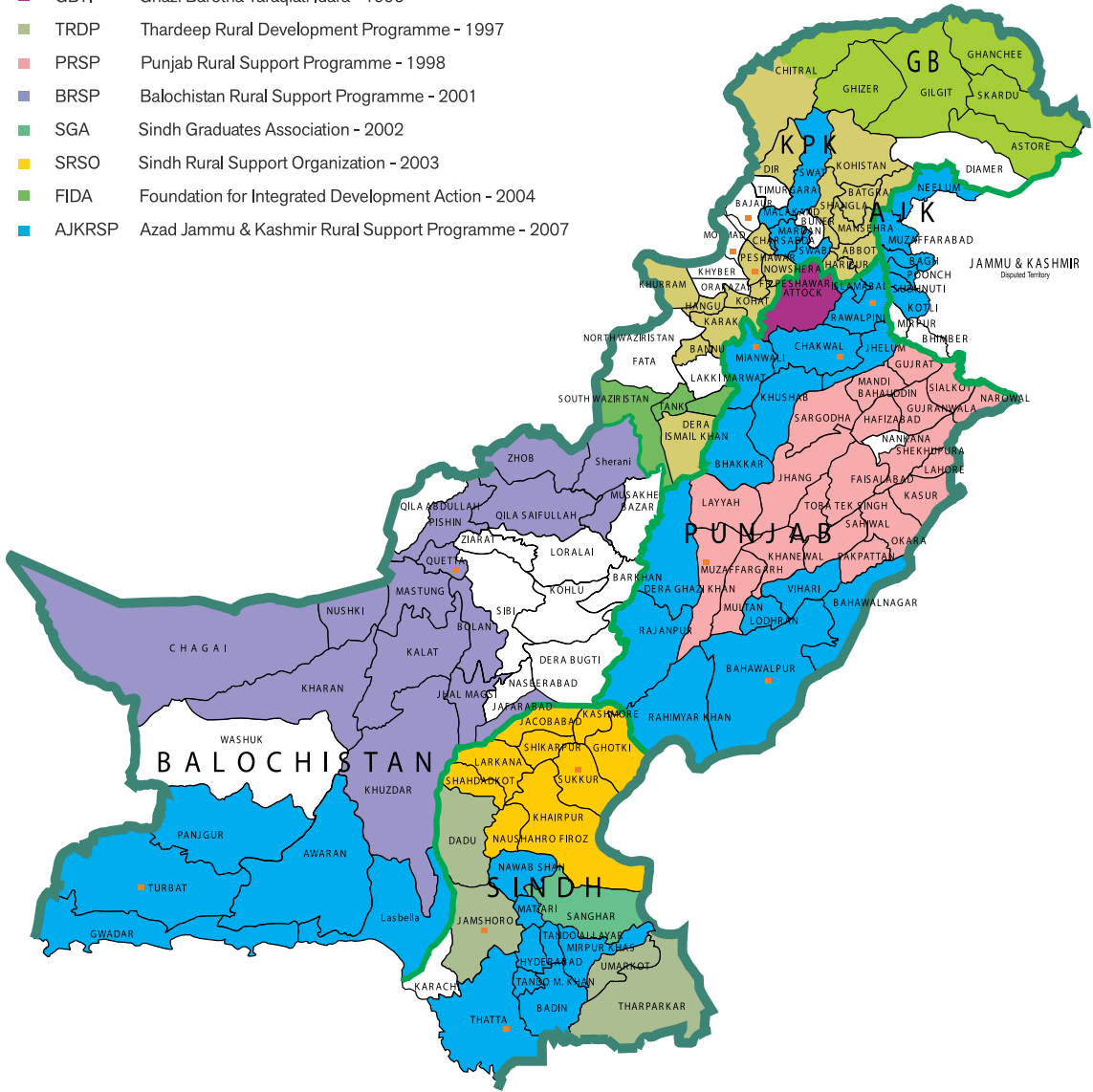
The Secretary Ministry of Climate Change Mr. Arif Ahmed Khan in his remarks said that PACOSAN has provided opportunity to the sanitation sector stakeholders to enhance the networking and learning. He further explained that, there is a need to develop equity based WASH programme and institutionalising the learning platform and taking the sanitation agenda on forefront to enhance the development and economic emancipation.

Around 400 participants from both government and non-government organisations working on water, sanitation and health issues attended the conference.

MAP & DATA

The Outreach of the Rural Support Programmes Across Pakistan

- AKRSP Aga Khan Rural Support Programme - 1982
- SRSP Sarhad Rural Support Programme - 1989
- NRSPP National Rural Support Programme - 1992
- IRM Institute of Rural Management - 1993
- GBTI Ghazi Barotha Taraqiati Idara - 1995
- TRDP Thardeep Rural Development Programme - 1997
- PRSP Punjab Rural Support Programme - 1998
- BRSP Balochistan Rural Support Programme - 2001
- SGA Sindh Graduates Association - 2002
- SRSO Sindh Rural Support Organization - 2003
- FIDA Foundation for Integrated Development Action - 2004
- AJKRSP Azad Jammu & Kashmir Rural Support Programme - 2007



RSPs ARE PRESENT IN 116 OUT OF 131 DISTRICTS, AND 5 OUT OF 13 FATA/FRs



Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in Pakistan, Cumulative Progress as of December 2014

INDICATORS		AJKRSP	AKRSP	BRSP	GBTI	NRSP	PRSP	SGA	SRSO	SRSF	TRDP	Total
# of RSP working districts/areas**		8	7	15	3	57	21	1	9	25	4	121
# of rural union councils with RSP presence*		136	118	206	22	2,109	718	13	342	583	113	3,648
# of organised households		102,320	113,737	205,990	35,396	2,545,927	1,307,686	16,500	594,699	798,909	272,724	5,993,888
# of Local Support Organisations (LSOs)		-	75	48	8	645	52	1	128	119	52	1,128
# of Community Organisations (COs) formed	Women COs	1,577	2,171	3,702	1,758	78,902	32,639	410	33,043	10,742	8,642	173,586
	Men COs	2,138	2,893	8,584	1,427	77,406	45,223	450	4,159	22,324	5,943	170,547
	Mix COs	1,035	-	54	-	11,839	-	-	40	-	1,984	14,952
	Total	4,750	5,064	12,340	3,185	168,147	77,862	860	37,242	33,066	16,569	359,085
# of CO members	Women	44,063	84,455	61,480	26,321	1,395,439	541,130	10,845	556,037	246,402	178,638	3,144,810
	Men	58,257	121,509	144,510	29,212	1,148,741	776,558	11,348	38,662	553,187	144,183	3,026,167
	Total	102,320	205,964	205,990	55,533	2,544,180	1,317,688	22,193	594,699	799,589	322,821	6,170,977
Amount of savings of COs (Rs. Million)	Women	24	129	5	5	236	82	-	110	41	85	718
	Men	12	371	9	4	1,259	81	1	7	104	123	1,971
	Total	36	501	14	9	1,495	163	1	117	144.60	208.28	2,688
# of community members trained	Women	10,954	58,754	51,850	12,958	1,484,076	150,814	4,830	234,846	77,577	106,624	2,193,283
	Men	6,385	27,804	120,723	4,730	1,278,789	337,444	4,830	13,766	106,158	97,675	1,998,304
	Total	17,339	86,558	172,573	17,688	2,762,865	488,258	9,660	248,612	183,735	204,299	4,191,587
Community Investment Fund (CIF)	# of LSOs Managing CIF	6	12	2	2	227	2	-	40	-	8	299
	# of VOs Managing CIF	-	-	-	9	81	34	-	3,715	320	1,307	5,466
	# of CIF Borrowers	1,094	2,055	20	37	44,913	3,494	-	101,383	39,454	17,239	209,689
	Total amount of CIF disbursed (Rs. million)	16	16	1	1	635	46	-	1,059	429	230	2,433
Amount of micro-credit disbursement (Rs. Million)	Women	79	195	9	507	43,356	5,280	-	5,374	412	4,055	59,267
	Men	59	833	16	94	48,756	7,257	-	773	283	4,322	62,393
	Total	138	1,028	25	601	92,111	12,538	-	6,147	695	8,377	121,660
# of loans	Women	4,764	74,813	1,156	32,043	2,594,578	355,155	-	318,879	36,630	292,419	3,710,437
	Men	3,217	546,311	1,600	6,427	2,732,128	489,695	-	48,922	25,731	239,699	4,093,730
	Total	7,981	621,124	2,756	38,470	5,326,706	844,850	-	367,801	62,361	532,118	7,804,167
# of health micro insurance schemes	Women	-	74,813	-	28,842	977,735	-	-	289,219	5,834	86,533	1,462,976
	Men	-	546,311	-	7,680	2,125,287	-	-	40,601	21,566	72,815	2,814,260
	Total	-	621,124	-	36,522	3,103,022	-	-	329,820	27,400	159,348	4,277,236
# of PPI/CPI schemes completed		1,637	3,576	1,306	653	29,729	6,433	16	39,752	8,643	60,568	152,313
# of beneficiary households of completed CPIs		100,347	284,440	89,252	23,148	1,260,913	674,798	-	231,420	1,728,054	397,783	4,790,155
Total cost of completed CPIs (Rs. Million)		636	1,825	667	261	6,949	1,675	20	2,646	5,432	977	21,088
# of community schools established		355	867	141	3	545	186	25	3	89	113	2,327
# of students enrolled	Girls	11,370	2,900	4,453	780	9,852	5,901	3,526	288	2,182	1,947	43,199
	Boys	9,922	7,375	5,543	608	10,537	4,578	5,110	605	3,046	707	48,031
	Total	21,292	10,275	9,996	1,388	20,389	10,479	8,636	893	5,228	2,654	91,230
# of adults literated or graduated	Women	-	-	-	-	22,888	-	-	-	3,989	-	26,877
	Men	-	-	-	-	2,494	-	-	-	722	-	3,216
	Total	-	-	-	-	25,382	-	-	-	4,711	-	30,093
# of traditional birth attendants / health workers trained	Women	31	1,243	1,688	95	3,153	8,442	410	4,777	1,066	867	21,772
	Men	-	-	-	-	-	1,770	-	-	467	675	2,912
	Total	31	1,243	1,688	95	3,153	10,212	410	4,777	1,533	1,542	24,684

Note: ** The 121 include 116 districts and 5 Federally Administered Tribal Areas. Punjab RSP after restructuring in mid 2011, closed its operation in four districts, Chiniot, Nankana Sahib, DG Khan and Rajanpur.
 * The total figure for districts/areas and union councils excludes 29 overlapping districts (presence of multiple RSP) and 712 overlapping union councils
 + Data pertaining to AJKRSP updated as at March 2013.

Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in Pakistan, District-wise RSPs Coverage/Outreach as of Dec 2014

S. No.	Name of District	Total rural and Peri-Urban UCs in the District	Union Councils Having RSPs Presence				Total rural HHs in the District (1998 Census)	Households Organised				Community Organisations Formed			RSP
			# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Dec 2014		# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Dec 2014	# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	
ISLAMABAD															
1	ICT	12	12	12	-	100.0	43,884	26,391	26,391	-	60.1	1,605	1,605	-	NRSP
1	Sub Total	12	12	12	-	100.0	43,884	26,391	26,391	-	60.1	1,605	1,605	-	
BALOCHISTAN															
1	Awaran	8	8	8	-	100.0	22,144	9,890	10,079	1.9	45.5	598	608	1.7	NRSP
2	Barkhan	8			-	-	13,787			-	-			-	-
3	Bolan	27	1	1	-	3.7	35,003	2,434	2,434	-	7.0	109	109	-	BRSP
4	Chaqhi	10			-	-	13,570			-	-			-	-
5	Dera Bugti	12			-	-	27,337			-	-			-	-
6	Gawadar	13	13	13	-	100.0	16,691	36,326	36,326	-	217.6	1,909	1,909	-	NRSP
7	Harnai	10			-	-	-			-	-			-	-
8	Jhal Magsi	9	9	9	-	100.0	16,184	14,114	14,204	0.6	87.8	760	769	1.2	BRSP
9	Jaffarabad	46	29	29	-	63.0	52,664	8,739	8,739	-	16.6	163	163	-	BRSP
10	Kallat	18	15	15	-	83.3	31,396	28,829	28,829	-	91.8	1,870	1,870	-	BRSP
11	Kech / Turbat	38	38	38	-	100.0	70,164	48,595	49,149	1.1	70.0	2,246	2,246	-	NRSP
12	Kharan	7	7	7	-	100.0	14,328	15,739	15,739	-	109.8	942	942	-	BRSP
13	Khuzdar	35	28	28	-	80.0	60,032	37,522	37,522	-	62.5	2,178	2,178	-	BRSP
14	Killa Abdullah	25		2	-	8.0	44,863		2,425	-	-		114	-	BRSP
15	Killa Saifullah	15	13	13	-	86.7	28,796	19,117	19,117	-	66.4	1,220	1,220	-	BRSP
16	Kohlu	8			-	-	15,156			-	-			-	-
17	Lasbella	22	5	5	-	22.7	34,637	8,731	14,736	68.8	42.5	682	895	31.2	NRSP
18	Loralai	20	20	20	-	100.0	39,770	5,150	6,000	16.5	15.1	278	363	30.6	BRSP
19	Mastung	13	13	13	-	100.0	18,831	18,831	18,831	-	100.0	1,389	1,389	-	BRSP
20	Musa Khel	10			-	-	19,126			-	-			-	-
21	Naseerabad	24			-	-	34,981			-	-			-	-
22	Noshki	10	1	1	-	10.0	13,570	60	60	-	-	4	4	-	BRSP
23	Panjgoor	16	16	16	-	100.0	35,703	16,949	20,706	22.2	58.0	1,042	1,274	22.3	NRSP
24	Pishin	38	35	35	-	92.1	55,654	23,705	23,705	-	42.6	1,550	1,550	-	BRSP
25	Quetta	47	5	5	-	10.6	25,232	939	939	-	3.7	88	88	-	BRSP
26	Sherani	7	7	7	-	100.0	10,608	2,520	2,520	-	23.8	118	118	-	BRSP
27	Sibi	11			-	-	19,815			-	-			-	-
28	Washuk	9			-	-	18,422			-	-			-	-
29	Zhob	21	21	21	-	100.0	21,118	24,596	24,926	1.3	118.0	1,430	1,463	2.3	BRSP
30	Ziarat	10			-	-	4,609			-	-			-	-
20	Sub Total	547	284	286	0.7	52.3	814,191	322,786	336,986	4.4	41.4	18,576	19,272	3.7	
KHYBER PUKHTUNKHWA (KPK)															
1	Abbottabad	54	54	54	-	100.0	115,585	57,606	57,606	-	49.8	2,017	2,017	-	SRSP
2	Bannu	49			-	-	65,010			-	-			-	-
3	Battagram	20	18	18	-	90.0	46,053	36,501	36,501	-	79.3	1,502	1,502	-	SRSP
4	Buner	27	5	5	-	18.5	56,591	269	269	-	0.5	19	19	-	NRSP
4	Buner (overlapping)	27	21	21	-	77.8	56,591	17,262	18,960	9.8	33.5	749	818	9.2	SRSP
5	Charsadda	49	28	28	-	57.1	102,361	12,926	13,046	0.9	12.7	736	746	1.4	NRSP
5	Charsadda (overlapping)	49	37	37	-	75.5	102,361	37,963	37,963	-	37.1	1,652	1,652	-	SRSP
6	Chitral	24	24	24	-	100.0	36,879	34,914	34,914	-	94.7	1,680	1,680	-	AKRSP
6	Chitral (overlapping)	24	24	24	-	100.0	36,879	40,397	41,271	2.2	111.9	1,382	1,395	0.9	SRSP
7	Dir Upper	28	25	25	-	89.3	70,230	63,166	64,522	2.1	91.9	2,070	2,129	2.9	SRSP

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			# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Dec 2014		# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Dec 2014	# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	
8	Dir Lower	37	28	28	-	75.7	73,626	26,701	26,776	-	-	1,133	1,136	0.3	SRSP
9	D.I.Khan	47	-	-	-	-	99,528	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	SRSP
10	Hangu	19	17	17	-	89.5	24,536	14,204	14,204	-	57.9	505	505	-	SRSP
11	Haripur	45	4	4	-	8.9	94,383	7,370	7,380	0.1	7.8	761	762	0.1	GBTI
11	Haripur (overlapping)	45	45	45	-	100.0	94,383	44,474	44,474	-	47.1	1,475	1,475	-	SRSP
11	Haripur (overlapping)	45	2	2	-	4.4	94,383	4,794	4,794	-	5.1	324	324	-	NRSP
12	Karak	21	21	21	-	100.0	40,734	49,483	49,483	-	121.5	1,997	1,997	-	SRSP
13	Kohat	32	32	32	-	100.0	55,911	69,685	69,685	-	124.6	3,129	3,129	-	SRSP
14	Kohistan	38	38	38	-	100.0	74,041	36,549	36,549	-	49.4	2,372	2,372	-	SRSP
15	Lakki Marwat	33	-	-	-	-	48,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Malakand P.A	28	25	25	-	89.3	45,731	29,406	30,762	4.6	67.3	1,858	1,971	6.1	NRSP
16	Malakand P.A (overlapping)	28	13	13	-	46.4	45,731	13,417	14,040	4.6	30.7	464	496	6.9	SRSP
17	Mansehra	59	55	55	-	93.2	167,833	110,566	110,566	-	65.9	3,865	3,865	-	SRSP
18	Mardan	75	63	63	-	84.0	141,386	53,799	53,799	-	38.1	3,781	3,794	0.3	NRSP
18	Mardan (overlapping)	75	20	20	-	26.7	141,386	42,732	42,732	-	30.2	1,838	1,838	-	SRSP
19	Nowshera	48	10	10	-	20.8	84,851	19,570	19,570	-	23.1	846	846	-	SRSP
19	Nowshera (overlapping)	48	13	13	-	27.1	84,851	4,059	4,107	1.2	4.8	204	208	2.0	NRSP
20	Peshawar	67	17	17	-	25.4	132,070	17,418	17,418	-	13.2	852	852	-	SRSP
21	Shangla	28	28	28	-	100.0	53,994	38,708	40,361	4.3	74.8	2,159	2,241	3.8	SRSP
22	Swabi	55	6	6	-	10.9	112,083	8,792	8,942	1.7	8.0	774	788	1.8	GBTI
22	Swabi (overlapping)	55	38	38	-	69.1	112,083	28,215	29,670	5.2	26.5	1,788	1,924	7.6	NRSP
23	Swat	65	19	19	-	29.2	125,377	7,507	8,071	7.5	6.4	356	403	13.2	NRSP
23	Swat (overlapping)	65	67	67	-	100.0	125,377	34,880	37,235	6.8	29.7	1,966	2,088	6.2	SRSP
24	Tank	16	-	-	-	-	22,411	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21	Sub Total	964	559	559	-	58.0	1,889,904	963,333	975,670	1.3	51.6	44,254	44,972	1.6	
SINDH															
1	Badin	46	46	46	-	100.0	185,266	114,155	114,797	0.6	62.0	6,404	6,450	0.7	NRSP
2	Dadu	52	30	30	-	57.7	164,849	38,041	39,081	2.7	23.7	1,608	1,660	3.2	TRDP
3	Ghotki	46	37	37	-	80.4	158,489	120,767	120,767	-	76.2	6,961	6,961	-	SRSO
4	Hyderabad	37	20	20	-	54.1	128,856	11,979	11,979	-	9.3	725	725	-	NRSP
5	Jacobabad	40	29	29	-	72.5	90,682	84,893	84,893	-	93.6	5,074	5,074	-	SRSO
6	Jamshoro	28	12	12	-	42.9	88,816	27,525	28,530	3.7	32.1	598	639	6.9	TRDP
7	Karachi	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8	Kashmore	37	37	37	-	100.0	110,969	80,345	80,345	-	72.4	4,710	4,710	-	SRSO
9	Khairpur	76	49	50	2.0	65.8	208,270	70,400	70,400	-	33.8	4,110	4,110	-	SRSO
10	Larkana	44	38	38	-	86.4	121,639	37,589	37,589	-	30.9	3,605	3,605	-	SRSO
11	Matiali	19	15	15	-	78.9	47,026	23,129	23,129	-	49.2	1,770	1,770	-	NRSP
12	Mirpur Khas	41	41	41	-	100.0	111,973	77,240	78,367	1.5	70.0	4,684	4,767	1.8	NRSP
13	Naushero Feroz	51	39	41	5.1	80.4	164,715	29,945	31,167	4.1	18.9	1,729	2,017	16.7	SRSO
14	Nawabshah	51	27	27	-	52.9	141,671	3,092	3,092	-	2.2	564	564	-	NRSP
15	Shahdad Kot	40	34	34	-	85.0	128,408	29,475	29,475	-	23.0	2,221	2,221	-	SRSO
16	Sanghar	55	13	13	-	23.6	209,191	16,500	16,500	-	7.9	860	860	-	SGA
17	Shikarpur	51	50	50	-	98.0	122,340	102,306	102,306	-	83.6	5,846	5,846	-	SRSO
18	Sukkur	46	26	26	-	56.5	78,458	37,514	37,757	0.6	48.1	2,698	2,698	-	SRSO
19	Tando Allahyar	19	12	12	-	63.2	47,082	21,838	21,838	-	46.4	1,673	1,673	-	NRSP
20	Tando Muhammad Khan	16	13	13	-	81.3	39,648	19,042	19,042	-	48.0	1,156	1,156	-	NRSP
21	Tharparkar	44	44	44	-	100.0	159,486	159,665	159,665	-	100.1	11,485	11,485	-	TRDP

Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in Pakistan, District-wise RSPs Coverage/Outreach as of Dec 2014

S. No.	Name of District	Total rural and Peri-Urban UCs in the District	Union Councils Having RSPs Presence				Total rural HHs in the District (1998 Census)	Households Organised				Community Organisations Formed			RSP
			# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Dec 2014		# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Dec 2014	# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	
22	Thattha	55	52	52	-	94.5	202,554	41,065	43,043	4.8	21.3	2,340	2,491	6.5	NRSP
23	Umer Kot (Overlapping)	27	1	1	-	3.7	202,554	941	2,148	128.3	1.1	132	179	35.6	NRSP
23	Umer Kot	27	27	27	-	100.0	106,515	45,128	45,448	0.7	42.7	2,768	2,785	0.6	TRDP
22	Sub Total	921	691	694	0.4	75.4	2,816,903	1,192,574	1,201,358	0.7	42.6	73,721	74,446	1.0	
PUNJAB															
1	Attock	65	12	12	-	18.5	164,849	19,074	19,074	-	11.6	1,635	1,635	-	GBTI
1	Attock (overlapping)	65	64	64	-	98.5	164,849	66,651	66,651	-	40.4	4,318	4,318	-	NRSP
2	Bahawalnagar	101	101	101	-	100.0	158,489	227,972	233,312	2.3	147.2	16,167	16,612	2.8	NRSP
3	Bahawalpur	97	97	97	-	100.0	128,856	285,974	290,390	1.5	225.4	19,107	19,475	1.9	NRSP
4	Bhakkar	42	40	42	5.0	100.0	90,682	159,387	159,387	-	175.8	10,036	10,036	-	NRSP
5	Chakwal	65	60	60	-	92.3	88,816	70,915	70,915	-	79.8	3,875	3,875	-	NRSP
6	Chiniot*	42	-	-	-	-	81,625	1,069	1,069	-	1.3	60	60	-	PRSP
6	Chiniot (Overlapping)	42	1	1	-	2.4	81,625	1,191	1,488	24.9	1.8	107	124	15.9	NRSP
7	D G Khan	55	50	50	-	90.9	208,270	148,580	154,878	4.2	74.4	10,598	10,921	3.0	NRSP
7	D G Khan (overlapping)*	55	-	-	-	-	208,270	20,260	20,260	-	9.7	1,302	1,302	-	PRSP
8	Faisalabad	71	71	71	-	100.0	121,639	65,190	67,665	3.8	55.6	4,333	4,423	2.1	PRSP
9	Gujranwala	97	62	62	-	63.9	47,026	59,349	61,756	4.1	131.3	3,314	3,377	1.9	PRSP
9	Gujranwala (overlapping)	97		46		47.4	47,026	-	144	#DIV/0!	0.3	-	12	#DIV/0!	NRSP
10	Gujrat	87	35	35	-	40.2	111,973	52,642	54,449	3.4	48.6	3,354	3,416	1.8	PRSP
11	Hafiz Abad	40	16	16	-	40.0	164,715	31,402	32,597	3.8	19.8	1,970	2,000	1.5	PRSP
11	Hafiz Abad (overlapping)*	40	48	48	-	120.0	164,715	2,705	5,113	89.0	3.1	241	454	88.4	NRSP
12	Jhang	79	21	21	-	26.6	141,671	30,088	31,069	3.3	21.9	2,097	2,146	2.3	PRSP
13	Jhelum	50	35	52	48.6	104.0	128,408	42,843	42,843	-	33.4	2,446	2,446	-	NRSP
14	Kasur	89	7	7	-	7.9	122,340	12,134	12,549	3.4	10.3	954	973	2.0	PRSP
15	Khanewal	98	21	21	-	21.4	122,340	29,998	31,305	4.4	25.6	1,903	1,956	2.8	PRSP
15	Khanewal (overlapping)	98	70	70	-	71.4	78,458	17,775	17,775	-	22.7	1,662	1,662	-	NRSP
16	Khushab	49	45	50	11.1	102.0	47,082	148,171	148,171	-	314.7	8,497	8,497	-	NRSP
17	Lahore	30	27	27	-	90.0	39,648	43,777	45,162	3.2	113.9	3,032	3,092	2.0	PRSP
18	Layyah	44	26	27	3.8	61.4	159,486	128,239	130,714	1.9	82.0	8,560	8,656	1.1	PRSP
18	Layyah (Overlapping)	44	-	-	-	-	159,486	5,651	5,983	5.9	3.8	338	364	7.7	NRSP
19	Lodhran	70	70	70	-	100.0	202,554	46,705	46,705	-	23.1	3,886	3,886	-	NRSP
19	Lodhran (overlapping)	70	6	9	50.0	12.9	202,554	7,638	9,147	19.8	4.5	562	627	11.6	PRSP
20	Mandi Bahauddin	65	53	53	-	81.5	106,515	38,916	40,125	3.1	37.7	2,555	2,598	1.7	PRSP
20	Mandi Bahauddin (Overlapping)	65	9	9	-	13.8	106,515	414	414	-	0.4	35	35	-	NRSP
21	Mianwali	53	56	56	-	105.7	120,486	89,501	90,461	1.1	75.1	5,136	5,216	1.6	NRSP
22	Multan	69	22	22	-	31.9	261,678	35,212	35,212	-	13.5	2,382	2,382	-	PRSP
22	Multan (overlapping)	69	58	58	-	84.1	261,678	17,654	17,654	-	6.7	1,958	1,958	-	NRSP
23	Muzaffargarh	93	24	24	-	25.8	317,647	153,890	155,941	1.3	49.1	9,410	9,494	0.9	PRSP
23	Muzaffargarh (overlapping)	93	24	24	-	25.8	317,647	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	NRSP
24	Nanakana Sahib*	65	-	-	-	-	187,137	695	695	-	0.4	45	45	-	PRSP
25	Narowal	74	61	61	-	82.4	150,406	124,666	128,973	3.5	85.7	5,995	6,108	1.9	PRSP
26	Okara	111	27	27	-	24.3	270,191	38,189	40,521	6.1	15.0	2,607	2,680	2.8	PRSP
27	Pakpattan	63	20	20	-	31.7	174,888	26,506	27,753	4.7	15.9	1,774	1,833	3.3	PRSP
27	Pakpattan (overlapping)	63	54	54	-	85.7	174,888	12,295	12,295	-	7.0	1,486	1,486	-	NRSP
28	Rahim Yar Khan	103	103	103	-	100.0	338,677	88,824	89,208	0.4	26.3	8,108	8,140	0.4	NRSP
29	Rajanpur	44	43	43	-	97.7	133,182	103,403	103,879	0.5	78.0	6,862	6,862	-	NRSP
29	Rajanpur (overlapping)*	44	-	-	-	-	133,182	18,650	18,650	-	14.0	1,218	1,218	-	PRSP
30	Rawalpindi	58	58	58	-	100.0	256,911	91,159	91,159	-	35.5	6,125	6,125	-	NRSP
31	Sahiwal	83	39	39	-	47.0	227,413	49,428	51,816	4.8	22.8	3,213	3,291	2.4	PRSP

Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) in Pakistan, District-wise RSPs Coverage/Outreach as of Dec 2014

S. No.	Name of District	Total rural and Peri-Urban UCs in the District	Union Councils Having RSPs Presence				Total rural HHs in the District (1998 Census)	Households Organised				Community Organisations Formed			RSP
			# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Dec 2014		# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	% coverage as of Dec 2014	# as of Sep 2014	# as of Dec 2014	% increase during Qtr	
32	Sargodha	132	57	57	-	43.2	303,958	52,173	54,233	3.9	17.8	3,307	3,371	1.9	PRSP
32	Sargodha (overlapping)	132	116	116	-	87.9	303,958	18,020	18,020	-	5.9	1,566	1,566	-	NRSP
33	Sheikhupura	91	10	10	-	11.0	207,805	27,577	28,518	3.4	13.7	1,810	1,852	2.3	PRSP
34	Sialkot	94	87	87	-	92.6	275,204	177,209	182,971	3.3	66.5	7,920	8,067	1.9	PRSP
35	Toba Tek Singh	79	22	22	-	27.8	187,555	42,639	44,536	4.4	23.7	2,831	2,895	2.3	PRSP
35	Toba Tek Singh (overlapping)	79	61	61	-	77.2	187,555	13,594	13,594	-	7.2	1,545	1,545	-	NRSP
36	Vehari	87	80	80	-	92.0	257,583	39,089	39,089	-	15.2	3,149	3,149	-	NRSP
36	Sub Total	2,635	1,782	1,807	1.4	68.6	6,063,823	2,997,497	3,058,702	2.0	50.4	196,592	199,462	1.5	
AZAD JAMMU AND KASHMIR (AJK)															
1	Bagh	19	19	19	-	100.0	46,470	27,520	27,520	-	59.2	1,633	1,633	-	NRSP
1	Bagh (overlapping)	19	10	10	-	52.6	46,470	672	672	-	1.4	32	32	-	AJKRSP
2	Hattian	13	5	5	-	38.5	21,296	12,914	12,914	-	60.6	608	608	-	NRSP
2	Hattian (overlapping)	13	10	10	-	76.9	21,296	16,770	16,770	-	78.7	827	827	-	AJKRSP
3	Kotli	38	33	33	-	86.8	67,483	42,685	42,685	-	63.3	2,419	2,419	-	NRSP
3	Kotli (overlapping)	38	36	36	-	94.7	67,483	13,807	13,807	-	20.5	566	566	-	AJKRSP
4	Muzaffarabad	32	18	18	-	56.3	60,712	24,613	24,613	-	40.5	1,096	1,096	-	NRSP
4	Muzaffarabad (overlapping)	32	26	26	-	81.3	60,712	45,689	45,689	-	75.3	2,192	2,192	-	AJKRSP
5	Neelum	9	9	9	-	100.0	15,649	11,619	11,619	-	74.2	535	535	-	NRSP
5	Neelum (overlapping)	9	9	9	-	100.0	15,649	6,722	6,722	-	43.0	267	267	-	AJKRSP
6	Poonch (Rawalakot)	25	26	26	-	104.0	47,319	46,403	46,403	-	98.1	2,467	2,467	-	NRSP
6	Poonch (Rawalakot) (overlapping)	25	12	12	-	48.0	47,319	4,523	4,523	-	9.6	260	260	-	AJKRSP
7	Bhimber	18	18	18	-	100.0	54,333	5,541	5,541	-	10.2	227	227	-	AJKRSP
8	Sudhnoti	12	13	14	7.7	116.7	26,849	15,923	15,923	-	59.3	882	882	-	NRSP
9	Mirpur	22	15	15	-	68.2	40,208	8,596	8,596	-	21.4	379	379	-	AJKRSP
10	Forward Kahuta	8	8	8	-	100.0	18,651	12,968	12,968	-	69.5	841	841	-	NRSP
10	Sub Total	196	180	181	0.6	92.3	398,970	296,965	296,965	-	74.4	15,231	15,231	-	
GILGIT-BALTISTAN (GB)															
1	Astore	8	8	8	-	100.0	11,000	6,444	7,618	18.2	69.3	333	333	-	AKRSP
2	Diamir	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Ghanche	14	14	14	-	100.0	18,452	10,401	10,634	2.2	57.6	469	469	-	AKRSP
4	Ghizer	16	16	16	-	100.0	13,563	11,624	11,624	-	85.7	548	548	-	AKRSP
5	Gilgit	10	10	10	-	100.0	17,721	10,639	10,639	-	60.0	434	434	-	AKRSP
6	Hunza-Nagar	15	15	15	-	100.0	12,779	11,965	12,966	8.4	101.5	507	507	-	AKRSP
7	Skardu	31	31	31	-	100.0	35,134	23,627	25,342	7.3	72.1	1,093	1,093	-	AKRSP
6	Sub Total	103	94	94	-	91.3	108,650	74,700	78,823	5.5	72.5	3,384	3,384	-	
FEDERALLY ADMINISTERED TRIBAL AREA (FATA)/Frontier Regions (FRs)															
1	Bajaur Agency	37	3	3	-	8.1	65,410	4,335	4,335	-	6.6	157	157	-	SRSP
2	Khyber Agency	28	-	-	-	-	55,225	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	Kurram Agency	23	3	3	-	13.0	42,293	4,714	4,714	-	11.1	145	145	-	SRSP
4	Mohmand Agency	21	3	3	-	14.3	37,161	4,265	4,265	-	11.5	139	139	-	SRSP
5	North Waziristan Agency	22	-	-	-	-	39,697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6	Orakzai Agency	15	-	-	-	-	25,618	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7	South Waziristan Agency	29	3	3	-	10.3	50,570	3,941	3,941	-	7.8	156	156	-	SRSP
8	T.A.Adj Lakki Marwat Distt	1	-	-	-	-	932	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	T.A.Adj Bannu Distt	1	-	-	-	-	2,041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	T.A..Adj D.I.Khan Distt	3	-	-	-	-	5,492	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	T.A.Adj Kohat Distt	5	-	-	-	-	9,511	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	T.A.Adj Peshawar Distt	3	3	3	-	100.0	6,118	1,738	1,738	-	28.4	116	116	-	SRSP
13	T.A.Adj Tank Distt	2	-	-	-	-	3,581	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	Sub Total	190	15	15	-	7.9	343,650	18,993	18,993	-	5.5	713	713	-	
121	G. Total	5,568	3,617	3,648	0.9	65.5	12,479,975	5,893,239	5,993,888	1.7	48.0	354,076	359,085	1.4	

HIGHLIGHTS

ALIF AILAN – RSPN MOBILISING COMMUNITIES TO DEMAND EDUCATION AND LOCAL ACCOUNTABILITY IN PARTNERSHIP WITH BRSP, NRSP, SRSP AND TRDP

January-March 2015 - The “Mobilising Communities to Demand Education and Local Accountability” project will be entering a crucial phase in the upcoming months. Enrolment campaigns will be beginning nationwide from April, 2015. In preparation for this, 88 Local Support Organisations (LSOs) in 11 project districts across all four provinces have prepared lists of households which have school-age children who are currently out of school. Using these lists, the LSOs and their member Village Organisations will carry out a targeted campaign to motivate those specific households to enrol their out of school children. Other motivational tools that the LSOs have used are text messages. Over 27,700 text messages have been sent out to parents asking them to enrol their children for the new academic session. The LSO representatives also send regular text messages to education department officials for their support in making sure that children are enrolled into school in a systematic manner and to local politicians and education department officials for reopening of closed schools or provision of missing school facilities. LSOs through the efforts of community resource persons have managed to enrol 9,794 children into school (of which 3,765 are girls) and brought about improvement in 384 schools, through providing missing facilities.



LSO meeting in Jaffarabad, Balochistan

 Governance

COMMUNITIES IN ACTION TO DEMAND HEALTH SERVICES

JSI – RSPN HEALTH SYSTEM STRENGTHENING PROJECT IN PARTNERSHIP WITH NRSP, TRDP AND SRSO

January-March 2015 – RSPN in partnership with John Snow Incorporated (JSI) is implementing the Health System Strengthening (HSS) component of the USAID’s Maternal and Child Health care Programme (MCH) in four Districts of Sindh, i.e. Tharparkar, Thatta, Jacobabad and Kashmore. RSPN with its partner RSPs (NRSP, TRDP and SRSO) is creating awareness on the significance of routine immunisation at community level through RSPs fostered community institutions and also registering and verifying 0-23 months children and Pregnant women for routine immunisation in all target UCs. A total of 67,660 children and 16,371 pregnant women were immunised during the last 3 months in the four districts. Field



Field team conducting awareness sessions with a community in Tharparkar

teams also conducted 531 sessions with community regarding the benefits of immunisation and retention of vaccine cards, wherein 3,002 women and 2,296 men participated in these sessions at village level.

 Community Health

GSM – RSPN PROVISION OF REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH SERVICES THROUGH SOCIAL MARKETING IN PARTNERSHIP WITH PRSP AND NRSP

January-March 2015 – Through the project intervention of GSM-RSPN over 83,400 married women of reproductive age and their spouses were sensitised on reproductive health issues in three districts of Punjab, namely Jhang, Bahawalpur and Rahim Yar Khan with the support of 300 community institutions (Village Health Committees) and 600 Community Resource Persons. The efforts resulted in generating 3,990 more users for various reproductive health products during this quarter. This two years project has successfully set its path to improve the quality of life of women and children in the project areas and achieved more than 100% of the targeted activities. The approach of addressing family planning through community institutions and religious leaders not only played a vital role in the success of project but also helped to change the mind-set of the community towards using family planning methods. So far, over 27,226 women and men have started using family planning methods.

 Community Health

COMMUNITY BASED DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT – TAHAFUZ II PROJECT

USAID – RSPN BUILDING RESILIENCE THROUGH COMMUNITY BASED DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT IN SINDH PROVINCE IN PARTNERSHIP WITH NRSP AND TRDP

January-March 2015 –Under the USAID funded community based disaster management project of RSPN, the major focus of the project during the quarter remained on rehabilitation of Critical Community Infrastructures (CCI) which, are small, community level mitigation measures that the members of the Village Disaster Management Committees (VDMC) identify, plan and implement. By end of this quarter, 216 CCI schemes

were rehabilitated/constructed that included earthen roads, culverts, school buildings and community centres. As part of mitigation measure Union Disaster Management Committees (UDMC) are equipped with a set of essential tools that will be used in case of any disaster response. During this quarter 10 UDMCs received emergency toolkits. The District Administration was taken on board during handing over the kits to UDMCs.

Representative from USAID/OFDA visited project areas and appreciated the good work at community level. The representatives comprised of Deputy Director Programmes USAID, Project Management Specialist USAID/OFDA, the OFDA Agreement Officer Representative and Senior Project Management Specialist OFDA. A group of visitors from government and non-government organisations also visited project areas and shared community experience in DRR and DRM.

 Disaster Management

PROMOTING CHILD RIGHTS AND SOCIAL PROTECTION

UNICEF – RSPN COMMUNITY DRIVEN SOCIAL PROTECTION INITIATIVES UNDER PROMOTING CHILD RIGHTS IN COTTON FARMING AREAS OF SOUTH PUNJAB IN PARTNERSHIP WITH NRSP

January-March 2015 – RSPN initiated a project in collaboration with UNICEF Pakistan to implement a one year community driven social protection and child rights project in Bahawalpur and Rajanpur. The project aims to address the root causes of child labour in 170 cotton growing villages in the two districts through an integrated community development approach.

One of the key components of the project is Income Generation Grants (IGGs) which was provided to 955 women beneficiaries amounting Rs. 14,000/- each. Most of the beneficiaries invested in livestock. Accordingly 670 livestock holder beneficiaries have been trained regarding livestock management. In consultation with local communities, the project also identified 170 Multifunctional Community Centres (MFCCs). These community centres will be used for adult literacy classes, skill development trainings for women, computer centres for adolescents, women income generating activities, community meetings and community actionable knowledge enhancement activities.

 Maternal and Child Healthcare

MONITORING AND EVALUATION FRAMEWORK OF PUBLIC PROCUREMENT REGULATORY AUTHORITY FINALIZED

USAID – RSPN ASSESSMENT AND STRENGTHENING PROGRAMME

January-March 2015 - The 3rd meeting of the Advisory Group on Public Procurement was held in Islamabad to obtain stakeholders feedback on Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) Framework for the monitoring of public procurement in Pakistan. Senior management from federal and provincial Public Procurement Regulatory Authorities (PPRAs) attended the workshop. Procurement experts from donors including World Bank (WB), Asian Development Bank (ADB) and USAID participated in the workshop. Managing Director PPRA appreciated the endeavours of USAID and ASP-RSPN

for establishing a transparent public procurement regime in Pakistan and further added that the feedback from the stakeholders on Monitoring & Evaluation Framework would be of immense importance for the effective monitoring of public procurement in Pakistan.

 Governance

USAID SGAFP PROMOTES INCLUSIVE EDUCATION

USAID SMALL GRANTS AND AMBASSADOR'S FUND PROGRAM

January-March 2015 - USAID Small Grants and Ambassador's Fund Program is a large cross-cutting grants program across Pakistan to support self-help initiatives of Pakistani organisations under education campaign. They have promoted inclusive education, where disabled children can study side by side the normal children.

With an intention to transform the lives of children with disabilities by providing them with appropriate education, USAID, through Small Grants and Ambassador's Fund Program, has funded Rising Sun Educational and Welfare Society (RSEWS) for undertaking the project "Inclusive



Education Teacher's Training Program for regular School Teachers". USAID provided over US \$ 86,000 for training of 750 teachers belonging to rural and urban schools of Southern Punjab, thereby enabling the schools to enrol 7,500 disabled children in a year. Out of these around 300 teachers were from Lahore District while 450 teachers hailed from 24 other districts of Punjab.

 INCLUSIVE EDUCATION

WORLD WATER DAY CELEBRATED

March 2015 - To mark the UN-World Water Day (WWD) 2015, the Planning Commission, Ministry of Planning, Development and Reform, Government of Pakistan in collaboration with over 28 partners including RSPN organised a conference on March 27, 2015 focusing on this year's global theme, 'Water and Sustainable Development - Role of Youth for Sustainable Water Resource Management'. Experts on the occasion of World Water Day Conference 2015 highlighted that, 'Pakistan needs effective planning and strategies to overcome water scarcity for the future'.

 WATER RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

OVERVIEW OF RSPs SOCIAL
MOBILISATION OUTREACH

359,085

COMMUNITY ORGANISATIONS

5,993,888

ORGANISED HOUSEHOLDS

6,170,977

COMMUNITY ORGANISATION MEMBERS

1,128

LOCAL SUPPORT ORGANISATIONS

121

DISTRICTS + FATA/FRS WITH RSPS PRESENCE

3,648

RURAL UNION COUNCILS WITH RSPS PRESENCE

WHO WE ARE

The Rural Support Programmes Network (RSPN) is the largest development network of Pakistan, with an outreach to over 39 million rural Pakistanis. It consists of 11 member Rural Support Programmes (RSPs) that espouse a common approach to rural development: social mobilisation. Social mobilisation centres around the belief that poor people have an innate potential to help themselves, that they can better manage their limited resources if they organise and are provided technical and financial support. The RSPs provide social guidance, and technical and financial assistance to the rural poor. RSPN is the strategic platform for the RSPs: it provides capacity building support to them, and assists them in policy advocacy and donor linkages.