



Zhob District Profile



IMPLEMENTATION PARTNERS FOR BRDCEP GRANT COMPONENT



EU-TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PARTNER



Written by

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CONTENTS

<i>Acronyms and Abbreviations</i>	1
<i>1. District Profile Brief</i>	2
<i>2. Demography and Population</i>	4
<i>3. District Administration</i>	5
<i>4. Agriculture and Horticulture</i>	8
<i>5. Gender and Women Empowerment</i>	9
<i>6. Health and WASH</i>	10
<i>7. Education</i>	12
<i>Bibliography</i>	17

List of Figures and Tables

Figure 1: District Map	Error! Bookmark not defined.
Figure 2: Local Government Administration Organogram (Administrative Setup)	6
Figure 3: Number of Tube-wells 2014-15	9
Figure 4: Stage wise Enrolment 2015-16	9
Figure 5: Person Collecting Water in Zhob (%)	10
Figure 6: Rural Children Immunized aged 12-23 months (%)	10
Figure 7: Health Facilities 2014-15	11
Figure 8: Drinking Water Sources in District	12
Figure 9: Number of Schools 2016-17	13
Figure 10: Total School by Level 2016-17	13
Figure 11: Functional and Non Functional Schools 2016-17	14
Figure 12: Sanctioned and Appointed Staff in Schools 2016-17	14
Figure 13: Student Teacher Ratio 2016-17	14
Figure 14: Available Facilities in Schools 2016-17	15
Figure 15: Rural Gross Enrolment Ratio at Primary Level (age 5-9)	15
Table 1: Demography and Population Pattern of Zhob	4
Table 2: Poverty Status in Zhob	5
Table 3: Tehsils and Union Councils	6
Table 4: Federal and Provincial Government Departments in Zhob	7
Table 5: NGOs working in Zhob	7
Table 6: Land utilization statistics of Zhob 2014-15 (hectares)	8
Table 7: Area Irrigated by different Sources of Irrigation 2014-15	8
Table 8: Member of Household Own Land in Rural Areas	8
Table 9: Number of Government & Private Tube-wells 2013-14	9

Table 10: Health Facilities 2014-15	10
Table 11: Number of Health Practitioners 2014-15	11
Table 12: Water and Sanitation Indicators (%)	11
Table 13: Distribution of Rural Household by Source of Drinking Water (%).....	12
Table 14: Distribution of Rural Households by Type of Toilet (%)	12
Table 15: Rural Education Indicators (%).....	15

ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AIDS	Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome
ANC	Antenatal Care
ARI	Acute Respiratory Infection
BHU	Basic Health Unit
BLGO	Balochistan Local Government Ordinance
BRDCEP	Balochistan Rural Development and Community Empowerment Programme
BRSP	Balochistan Rural Support Programme
DC	Deputy Commissioner
DEWS	Disease Early Warning System
DHIS	District Health Information Software
EPI	Expanded Programme on Immunization
EU	European Union
GoB	Government of Balochistan
HH	Household
HMIS	Health Management Information Systems
Km	Kilometre
LG	Local Government
LSO	Local Support Organisation
MICS	Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey
MNCH	Maternal, New born and Child Health
NADRA	National Database and Registration Authority
NGO	Non-Governmental Organisation
PBS	Pakistan Bureau of Statistics
PDMA	Provincial Disaster Management Authority
P&D	Planning and Development
PSDP	Public Sector Development Programme
PSLM	Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement
RHC	Rural Health Clinics
RMC	Regional Metrological Centre
RSP	Rural Support Programme
RSPN	Rural Support Programmes Network
SBA	Skilled Birth Attendant
TB	Tuberculosis
TBA	Traditional Birth Attendance
LHV	Lady Health Visitor
LHW	Lady Health Worker
LHW-MIS	Lady Health Worker - Management Information Systems

1. DISTRICT PROFILE BRIEF

Major Factors

District Status:	February 1890
Geographical Area:	12,400 Square km
Administrative Units:	2 Tehsils and 24 Union Councils (LG Balochistan)
Major Ethnic Groups:	Pashtun
Languages:	Pashto,
Climate:	Semi-arid

Demography

District Population:	310,544 (2017)
Rural Population:	264,296
Population Growth Rate:	2.52 (average annual 1998-2017)
Household Size:	6.76 persons

Law & Order:

1 Police Station, 4 Levies Thanas (GoB, 2014-15)

Productive Sector

Agriculture Ecological Zone:	Cold
Agriculture Land Area (hectares):	Cultivated area Net sown: 15,767 Area not available for cultivation: 87,612 Cultivable waste: 73,991 (GoB, 2014-15)
Major Crops:	<i>Rabi</i> Crops: Wheat, Rapeseed /Mustard, Barley, Vegetables, Fodder <i>Kharif</i> Crops: Sorghum, Maize, <i>Mung</i> & Mash bean, Melons, Chilies, Fodder
Major Fruits:	Apples, Almond, Apricots, Grapes

Livestock Population:

	Livestock 2841,636
	Domestic poultry 288,848 (GoB, 2014-15)
Veterinary Institutions:	6 Veterinary Hospitals, 52 Veterinary Dispensaries
Telecommunications:	1 Telephone exchanges, 1312 Landlines
Post offices:	8 Post Offices (GoB, 2014-15)

Social Sector

Drinking Water Sources:	70% Improved, 30% Un-improved (MICS, 2010)
Sanitation Facilities:	62 % Improved, 38% Un-improved (MICS, 2010)

Health Facilities: 1 Hospital (Public Sector)
 4 Rural Health Centre RHC
 16 Dispensaries (GoB, 2014-15)

Pre-Natal consultation: 50% (% of cases) (PSLM, 2014-15)

Major Diseases: ARI, Pneumonia, Diarrhea, Viral Hepatitis, Typhoid,
 Dental Caries

Special Health Programmes: Expanded Program on Immunization, TB Control Program,
 Hepatitis Prevention and Control Program, Malaria Control
 Program, AIDS Control Program, MNCH Program,
 National Program for Family Planning & Primary Health
 Care

Reporting and Surveillance Systems: HMIS and DHIS, Disease Early Warning System,
 LHW-MIS

Number of Schools: Girls 19%, Boys 78%, Co-education 3%

Primary level Rural Gross Enrolment Ratio (age 5-9): Female 18, Male 63

GEOGRAPHIC MAP

Zhob district is located, 1408 meter above sea level, in the northwest of Balochistan province. During British Raj its name was Fort Sandeman. It is bordered with Afghanistan to the northwest, Killa Saifullah and Loralai districts to the south, Sherani district and Federally Administered Tribal Area (FATA) to the northeast and Musakhail district to the east.



HISTORY, TRIBES AND LANGUAGES

Zhob is a historical town located in northwest Balochistan. Before British invasion, its name was Appozai, British named it Fort Sandeman after Sir Robert Sandeman, British colonial administrator. It was given district status in 1890. Kakar, Mandokhail, Sherani and Harifal are the main tribes living in the district. Mostly inhabitants speak Pashto.

2. DEMOGRAPHY AND POPULATION

According to 2017 census, total population of district Zhob is 310,544, with 54.21% male and 45.79% is female, as compared to 193,458 in 1998. Male-female sex ratio is 118.41 and population growth rate is 2.52% per year. Urban population of the district is 46,248 (14.89%) and rural population is 264,296 (85.11%). Overall household (HH) size in the district is 6.76, Urban (6.73) and Rural (6.76).

Table 1: Demography and Population Pattern of Zhob

Indicator	Number
Total Population	310,544
-Male	168,358 (54.21%)
-Female	142,186 (45.79%)
-Urban	46,248 (14.89%)
-Rural	264,296 (85.11%)
Transgender	0
-Urban	0
-Rural	0
Sex Ratio	118.41
-Urban	123.19
-Rural	117.59
Households	45,962
-Urban	6,868
-Rural	39,094
Household size	6.76
-Urban	6.73
-Rural	6.76

Source: Census PBS, 2017

District Zhob's Poverty Status

Zhob is the third poorest district among eight BRDCE Programme districts in multidimensional poverty (MP) index ranking (9th in Balochistan province), MPI is based on 15 indicators of PSLM survey on education, health and standard of living (Planning Commission, UNDP and OPHI, 2016). According to PPAF and SDPI (2016) Zhob is ranked fourth poorest district in BRDCEP area, based on 27 indicators of PSLM survey pertaining to education, health, living conditions, and assets ownership.

Table 2: Poverty Status in Zhob

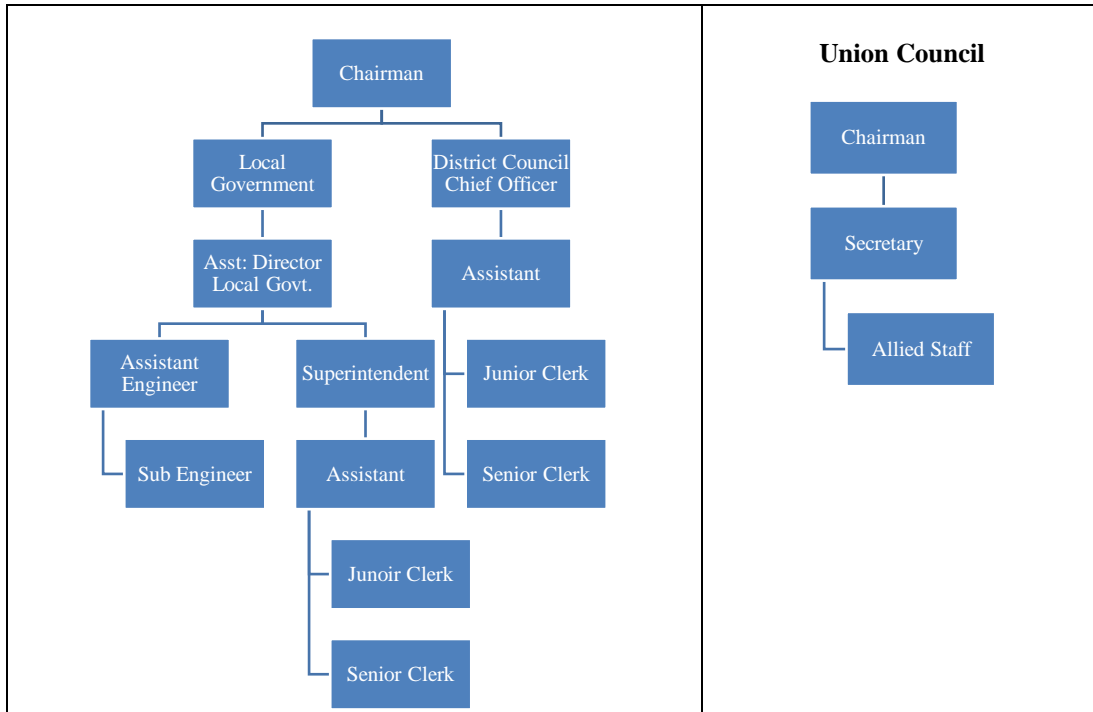
Planning Commission, UNDP, OPHI, 2016	Multidimensional Poverty (MP) Index	Incidence of Poverty (%)	Intensity of Poverty (%)	Category of Incidence of Poverty
2014-15	0.514	82.8	62.1	70% and above
PPAF & SDPI, 2016	MP Population Share		MP Headcount Ratio	
2012-2013	0.12		72.6	

3. DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

Balochistan Local Government Ordinance (BLGO, 1980) was replaced by BLGO, 2001 with a concept of district's Government. The district Zhob was administrated by the single line of administration covering rural and urban parts. The earlier system worked for two tenures, hence changed into BLGA 2010. Current Local Government Act 2010 is similar to BLGO (1980) and works in rural urban settings separately. Local Government Institutions of the district include Municipal Committees which is headed by the Chairman and relevant ward members, this depends on the number of population living in the area.

District Council Chief Officer Assists Chairman and members in Government set up; in the district Government, women, workers, and minorities are represented. Administrative set up of Local Government Administration is further explained in organogram given below:

Figure 1: Local Government Administration Organogram (Administrative Setup)



Source: P&D, GoB, 2011

TEHSILS AND UNION COUNCILS

There are two Tehsils and 24 Union Councils (UCs) in Zhob district. Below given table and map show tehsil wise listing and geographical location of UCs.

Tehsil	Union Council
Kakar Khurasan	Shaghalu, Qamar Din, Ashewat, Appozai, Babar, Babu Muhallah, Badanzai, Barak Wala, Gunj
Zhob	Muhallah, Hassanzai, Islamyar Zhob, Laka Band, Meena Bazar, Mir Ali Khel, Murgha Kibzai, Narezai, Nasirabad, Omza Viala, Sambazah, Shahbzai, Sheikhan, Sherani Bazar, Tang Sar, Wala Akram



Source: UNOCHA, 2017

Table 3: Federal and Provincial Government Departments in Zhob District

Education Department	Irrigation Department
Health Department	Population Welfare Department
Public Health Engineering Department	Local Government and Rural Development Department
Social Welfare Department	National Database Registration Authority
Livestock Department	Building and Reconstruction Department
Agriculture Department	Election Commission of Pakistan

Table 4: NGOs working in Zhob

Balochistan Rural Support Programme
UNICEF
INCH
World Health Organisation
PPHI
National Commission of Human Development
HDP

4. AGRICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE

District Zhob falls in cold zone, with total 58,355 hectares cultivated area, the potential major crops are wheat, rapeseed /mustard, barley, vegetables, fodder, sorghum, maize, mung & mash bean, melons, and chilies. The potential fruits in the districts are apples, grapes almond and apricots.

Details of agriculture land, land ownership, and irrigation given in tables below:

Table-5 shows land utilization statistics. Table-6 shows area irrigated by different sources of irrigation. Table-8 shows number of household own land in rural areas. Table-9 shows number of government & private tube-wells in the district.

Table 7: Land utilization statistics of Zhob 2014-15 (hectares)

Reported area	Cultivated area			Cropped area		Un-cultivated area			
	Total	Current fallow	Net sown	Total	Area sown more than once	Total	Cultivable waste	Forest area	Area not available for cultivation
227,341	58,355	42,588	15,767	15,778	11	168,986	73,991	7,383	87,612

Source: GoB, 2014-15

Table 8: Area Irrigated by different Sources of Irrigation 2014-15

Irrigated area	Canal		Tube-well	Well	Karezes, springs & others
	Govt.	Private			
18164	4000	13000	900	144	120

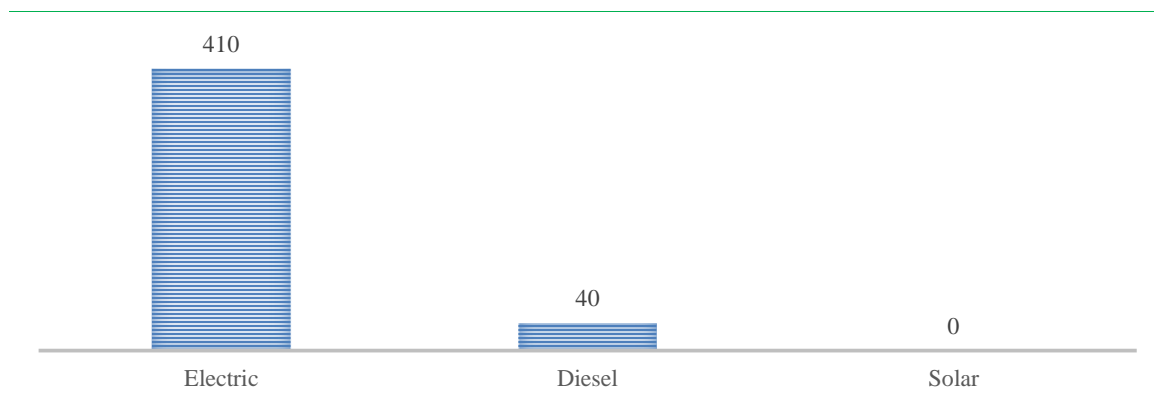
Source: GoB, 2014-15

Table 9: Member of Household Own Land in Rural Areas

Ownership	Percentage
Owner	49
Landless	51
Total	100

Source: MICS, 2010

Figure 2: Number of Tube-wells 2014-15



Source: GoB, 2014-15

Table 10: Number of Government & Private Tube-wells 2013-14

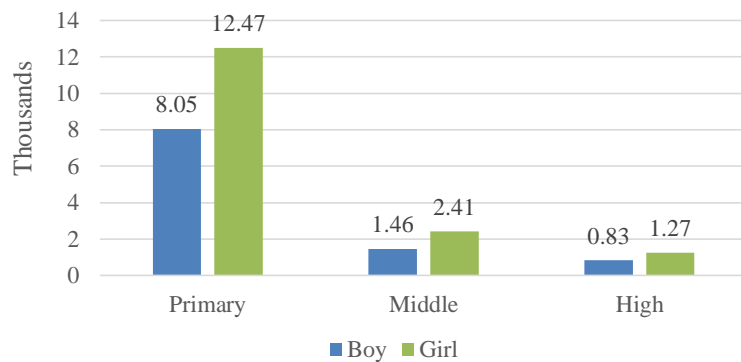
Government				Private				Total			
Electric	Diesel	Solar	Total	Electric	Diesel	Solar	Total	Electric	Diesel	Solar	Total
0	0	0	0	410	40	0	450	410	40	0	450

Source: GoB, 2014-15

5. GENDER AND WOMEN EMPOWERMENT

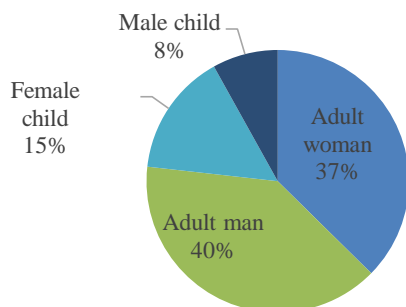
Figure-4 shows stage wise enrolment in district Zhob. Figure-5 shows gender wise persons collecting water.

Figure 3: Stage wise Enrolment 2015-16



Source: EMIS, GoB, 2017

Figure 4: Person Collecting Water in Zhob (%)

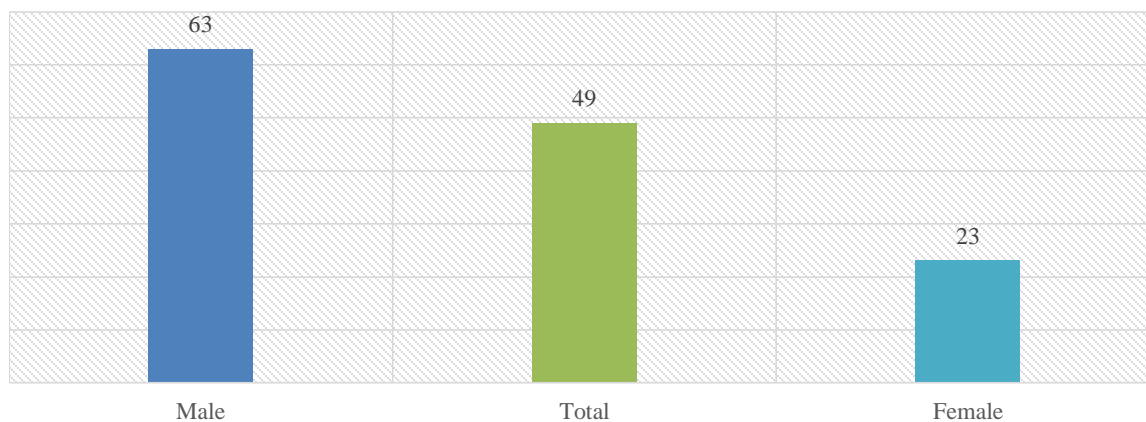


Source: MICS, 2010

6. HEALTH AND WASH

Figure-6 shows the percentage of children immunized aged 12-23 months in rural areas of Zhob district. Table-10 shows status of health facilities. Figure-7 shows the number of BHUs, MCHs and TB clinics. Table-11 shows the number of health practitioners. Table-12 shows water and sanitation indicators. Figure-8 shows drinking water sources. Table-13 shows distribution of rural household by source of drinking water. Table-14 shows distribution of rural households by type of toilet.

Figure 5: Rural Children Immunized aged 12-23 months (%)



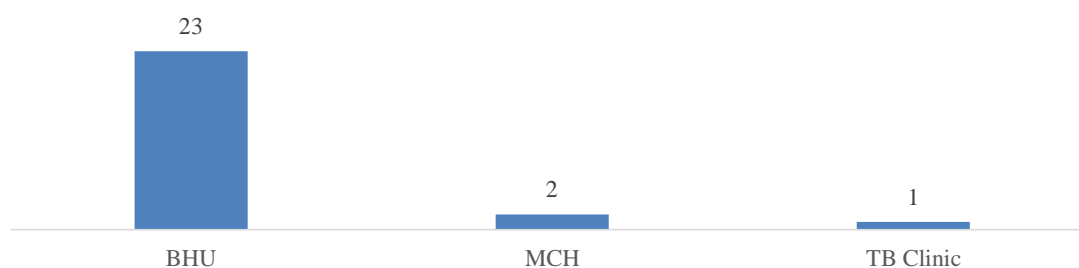
Source: PSLM, Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, 2014-15

Table 11: Health Facilities 2014-15

	Public	Private
Hospital	1	1
Dispensaries	16	0
RHC	4	0

Source: GoB, 2014-15

Figure 6: Health Facilities 2014-15



Source: GoB, 2014-15

Table 12: Number of Health Practitioners 2014-15

Practitioners	Number
Doctors (total)	49
-Male	42
-Female	7
Nurses (total)	11
-Male	2
-Female	9
Pharmacist	14
Drug Inspector	2
Health Education Officer	1
LHV	36
Dias/Mid Wives	55
Malaria cases (2013-14)	8329

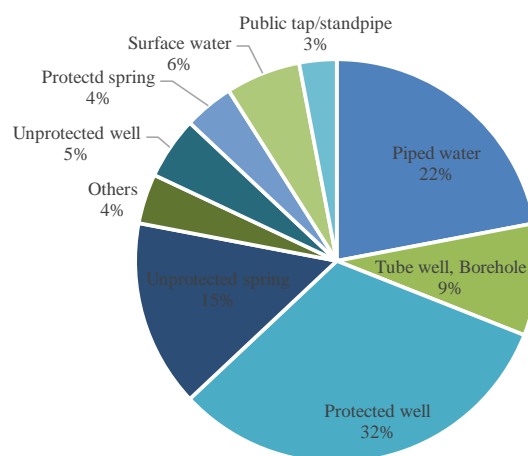
Source: GoB, 2014-15

Table 13: Water and Sanitation Indicators (%)

Indicator	2004	2010
Use of improved water sources	40	70
Access to safe means of excreta disposal	13	62

Source: MICS, 2004 & 2010

Figure 7: Drinking Water Sources in District



Source: MICS, 2010

Table 14: Distribution of Rural Household by Source of Drinking Water (%)

Tap Water	8
Hand Pump	0
Motor Pump	4
Dug Well	20
Others	67
Total	100

Source: PSLM, Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, 2014-15

Table 15: Distribution of Rural Households by Type of Toilet (%)

Flush	35
Non flush	29
No Toilet	36

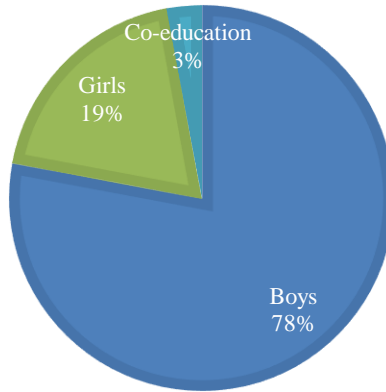
Source: PSLM, Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, 2014-15

7. EDUCATION

According to recent data from GoB and EMIS sources below given figure-9 shows gender wise number of schools in district Zhob. Figure-10 shows the total number of schools by level. Figure-11 shows the number of functional and nonfunctional schools. Figure-12 shows the number of sanctioned and appointed staff in Schools. Figure-13 shows student teacher ratio. Figure-14 shows

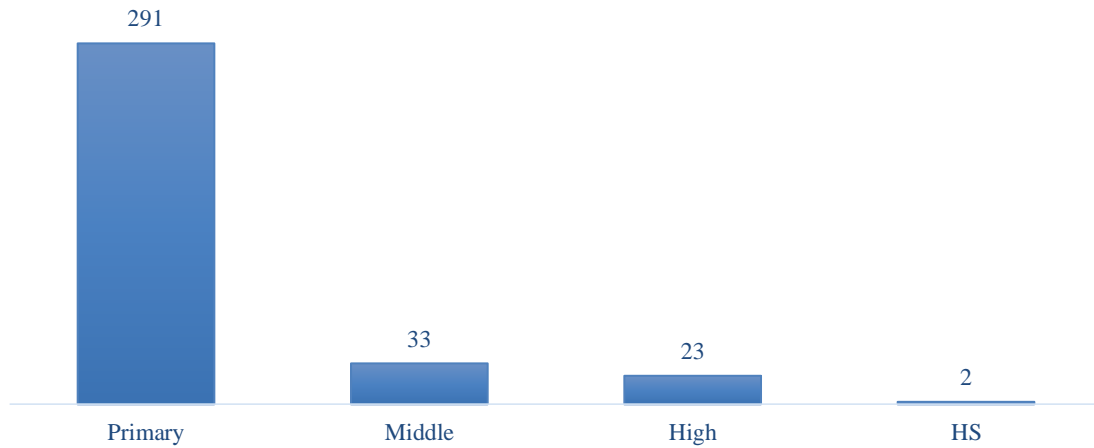
available facilities in schools. Figure-15 shows rural gross enrolment ratio at primary level (age 5-9). Figure-16 shows rural education indicators.

Figure 8: Number of Schools 2016-17



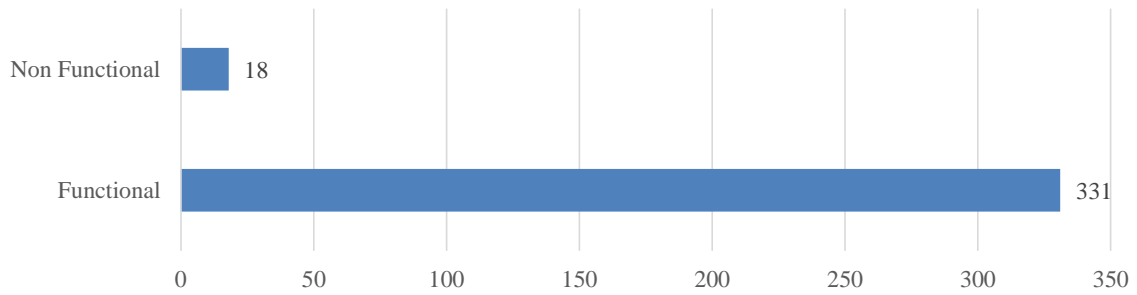
Source: EMIS, GoB, 2017

Figure 9: Total School by Level 2016-17



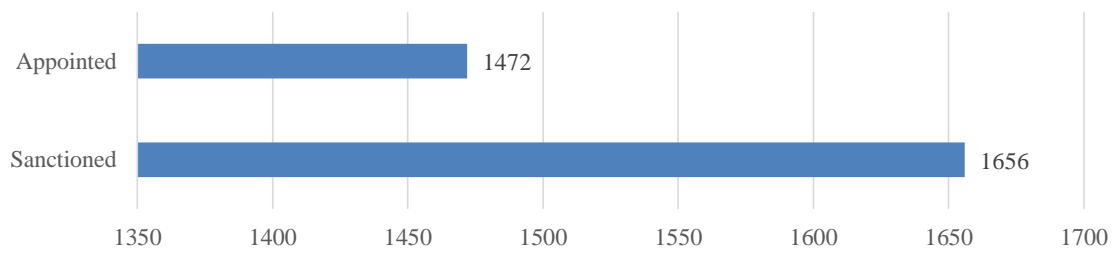
Source: EMIS, GoB, 2011

Figure 10: Functional and Non Functional Schools 2016-17



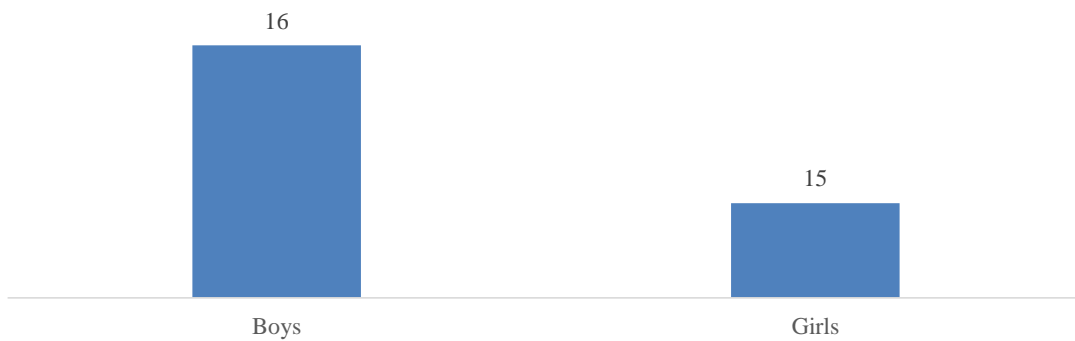
Source: EMIS, GoB, 2017

Figure 11: Sanctioned and Appointed Staff in Schools 2016-17



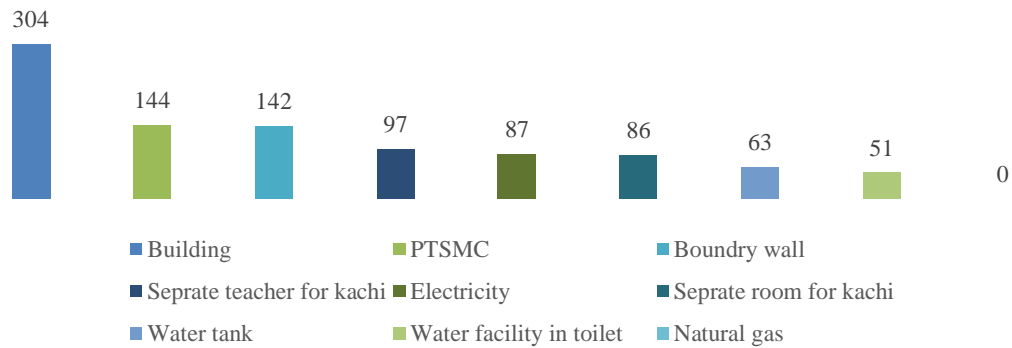
Source: EMIS, GoB, 2017

Figure 12: Student Teacher Ratio 2016-17



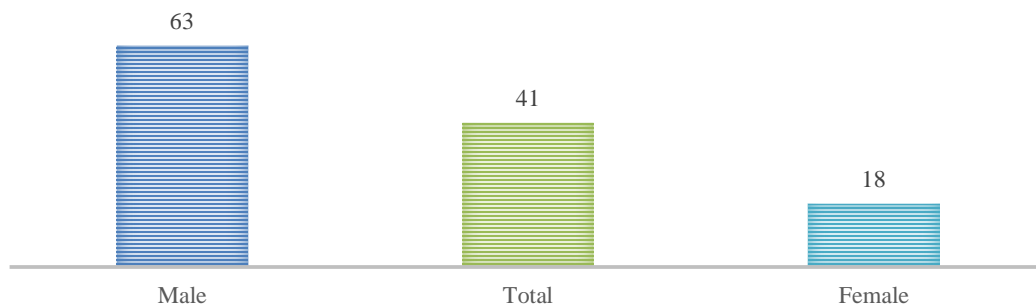
Source: EMIS, GoB, 2017

Figure 13: Available Facilities in Schools 2016-17



Source: EMIS, GoB, 2017

Figure 14: Rural Gross Enrolment Ratio at Primary Level (age 5-9)



Source: PSLM, Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, 2014-15

Table 16: Rural Education Indicators (%)

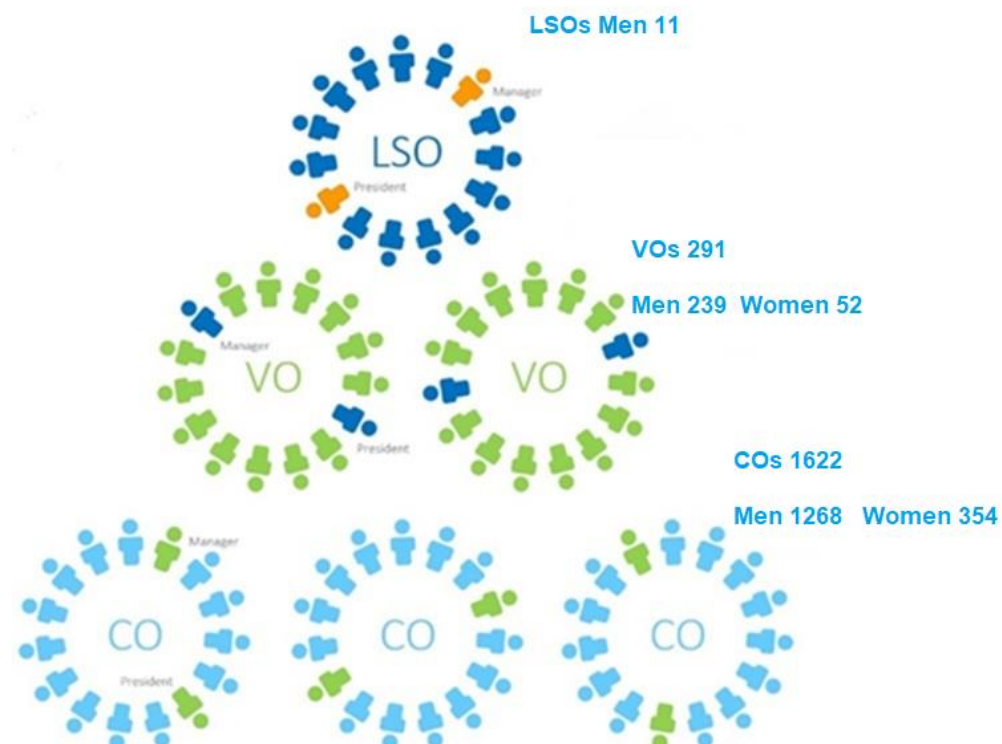
Indicators	Male	Female	Total
Gross Enrolment Ratio at Primary level (age 5-9)	63	18	41
Gross Enrolment Ratio at Primary level (age 4-9)	61	20	41
Net Enrolment Rate at Primary level (age 6-10)	57	21	40
Net Enrolment rate at Primary level (age 5-9)	39	15	28
Net Enrolment Rate at Primary level (age 4-9)	37	14	26
Primary level Enrolment in Government Schools a percentage of total Enrolment	96	87	94
Primary level Enrolment in Government Schools a percentage of total Primary Enrolment	96	87	94

Gross Enrolment Ratio at Middle level (age 11-13)	36	12	26
Gross Enrolment Ratio at Middle level (age 10-12)	33	11	23
Net Enrolment rate at Middle level (age 11-13)	17	11	15
Net Enrolment rate at Middle level (age 10-12)	6	5	6
Gross Enrolment Ratio at Matric level (age 14-15)	50	-	30
Gross Enrolment Ratio at Matric level (age 13-14)	46	-	28
Net Enrolment rate at Matric level (age 14-15)	18	0	11
Literacy-Population 10 years and older	54	7	32
Adult Literacy-population 15 years and older	42	3	23

Source: PSLM, Pakistan Bureau of Statistics, 2014-15

8. COMMUNITY INSTITUTIONS of BRSP

Under BRDCEP, around 35,092 rural households in Zhob district will be mobilised and capacitated through three-tiered federated community organisations. Community members in the 24 rural union councils of the entire district Zhob, particularly women and marginalized, will be capacitated and assisted so that they can mobilise and form active operational and mature organisations, from COs to VOs, then LSOs and LSOs' networks. Following given figure shows number of COs, VOs and LSOs formed in the district till Jun 2017.



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